

# DECENTRALIZED ORCHESTRATION OF DATA-CENTRIC WORKFLOWS USING THE OBJECT MODELING SYSTEM

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# AGENDA

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- Introduction
- Object Modeling System (OMS)
- AURIN Project
- OMS-based Workflows
- OMS Service Orchestrations
- Experimental Results
- Conclusions

# INTRODUCTION

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- Service-oriented Architecture
  - Web services
- Workflow Technologies
  - Coordinate a collection of services
- Workflow implementation approaches
  - Service Orchestration
    - Centralized engine → bottleneck for **data-centric** workflows
  - Service Choreography
    - Distributed control
- Goal: a new framework to implement data-centric workflows based on Object Modeling System (OMS)

# OBJECT MODELING SYSTEM (OMS)

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- A framework to implement science model
  - Object oriented (component-based)
  - Pure Java
  - Last version: OMS 3.0
- Main features
  - Non-invasive
    - Annotation of existing languages
  - Multi-threading
    - Able to be deployed on multi-core Cluster/Cloud
  - Domain Specific Language (DSL)
    - Groovy language

# COMPONENTS IN OMS

- Components
  - PJO + annotation
- Annotations
  - @In
  - @Out
  - @Execute
  - ....
- Multi-purpose components
- Automatic manual generation

Listing 1: A sample OMS3 component

```
package oms.components;  
import oms3.annotations.*;  
  
@Description("Average of a given vector.")  
@Author(name = "Bahman Javadi")  
@Keywords("Statistic , Average")  
@Status(Status.CERTIFIED)  
@Name("average")  
@License("General Public License Version 3 (GPLv3)")  
  
public class AverageVector {  
    @Description("The input vector.")  
    @In  
    public List<Double> inVec = null;  
  
    @Description("The average of the given vector.")  
    @Out  
    public Double outAvg = null;  
  
    @Execute  
    public void process() {  
        Double sum;  
        int c;  
        sum = 0.0;  
        for (c = 0; c < inVec.size(); c++)  
            sum = sum + inVec.get(c);  
        outAvg = sum / inVec.size();  
    }  
}
```

# WORKFLOW/MODEL TEMPLATE IN OMS

- *Components* : declaration of all components
- *Parameters*: input parameters
- *Connect*: connection of components

Listing 2: Model/Workflow template in OMS3

```
// creation of the simulation object
sim = new oms3.SimBuilder(logging: 'OFF').sim(name: 'test') {
  // the model space
  model {
    // space for the definition of the required components
    components {
    }

    // initialization of the parameters
    parameter {
    }

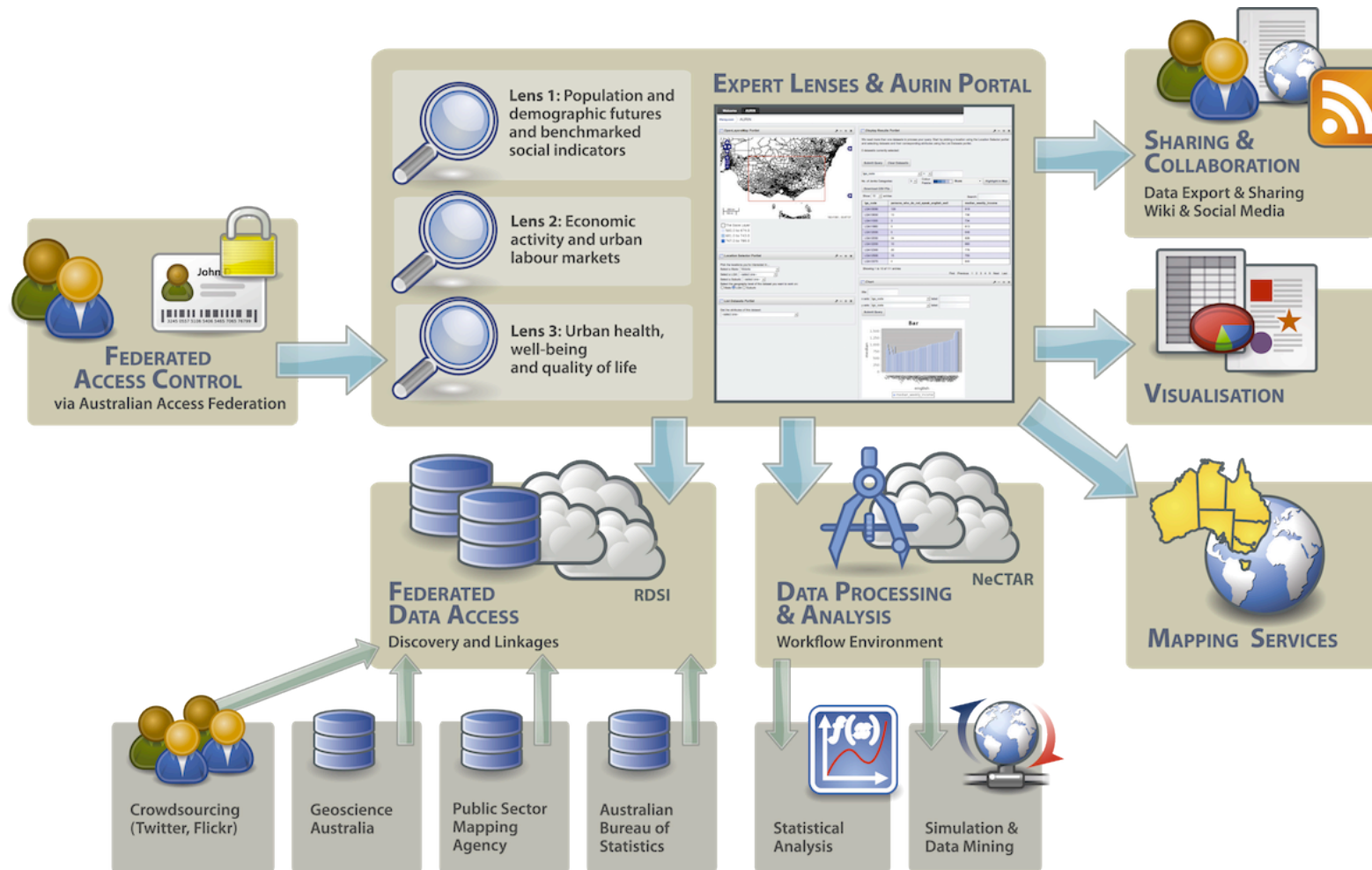
    // connection of the different components
    connect {
    }
  }
}
// start of the simulation to obtain the results
results = sim.run();
```

# AURIN PROJECT

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- Australian Urban Research Infrastructure Network (AURIN)
  - National e-Research Project (2010-2014)
  - An e-Infrastructure supporting research in urban and built environment research disciplines
  - Web Portal Application (portlet-based)
    - A lab in a browser
    - AAF Access: <http://portal.aurin.org.au>
    - Data discovery
    - Data visualization (Mapping service)
    - Access to the federated data source
      - Web Feature Service (WFS)
    - NeCTAR NSP and Research Cloud
    - RDSI Storage

# THE AURIN ARCHITECTURE





# OMS-BASED WORKFLOWS

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- Annotation of existing code
  - Embedded metadata using annotations
  - Attached metadata using annotations (e.g., XML file)
- Basic Components
  - Web Feature Service (WFS) Client
  - Statistical Data and Metadata eXchange (SDMX) Client
  - Basic statistical functions
- Workflow Composition
  - A standalone portlet
  - Save a workflow through web portal
    - Save as an OMS script

# OMS-BASED WORKFLOWS

- Workflow in the AURIN portal

The screenshot displays the AURIN portal interface. At the top left is the AURIN logo and the text "Australian Urban Research Infrastructure Network". Below the logo is a "Welcome" message. The main interface is divided into two main sections: "OpenLayersMap Portlet" on the left and "Display Results Portlet" on the right.

The "OpenLayersMap Portlet" shows a map of Australia with a red bounding box around the eastern and southern coastal regions. A legend titled "The Base Layer" is visible in the bottom left of the map area, showing three categories: "6.0 to 11.0" (light blue), "12.0 to 25.0" (medium blue), and "31.0 to 50.0" (dark blue). A scale bar indicates 100 km and 50 mi.

The "Display Results Portlet" contains a query interface. It includes a "Submit Query" button and a "Clear Datasets" button. Below these are dropdown menus for "employed\_fulltime" and "employed\_parttime". The "No. of Jenks Categories" is set to 3, and the "Colour Palette" is set to "Blues". A "Highlight in Map" button is also present. A "Download CSV File" button is located below the query options. The results are displayed in a table with 10 entries, showing columns for "employed\_fulltime", "employed\_parttime", "percentage\_unemployed", and "sac\_code".

employed_fulltime	employed_parttime	percentage_unemployed	sac_code
0	0	0	SSC05116
0	3	90	SSC06361
0	0	0	SSC06151
0	4	0	SSC01296
0	0	0	SSC08006
0	0	0	SSC06676
6	3	0	SSC05406
12	12	11	SSC05901
13	12	33	SSC05901
15	18	8	SSC05776

Showing 1 to 10 of 432 entries. Navigation: First Previous 1 2 3 4 5 Next Last.

At the bottom of the "Display Results Portlet" is a "Chart" section with a "title:" field and an "x axis:" field set to "employed\_fulltime".

# OMS WORKFLOW WITH ONE WFS CLIENT

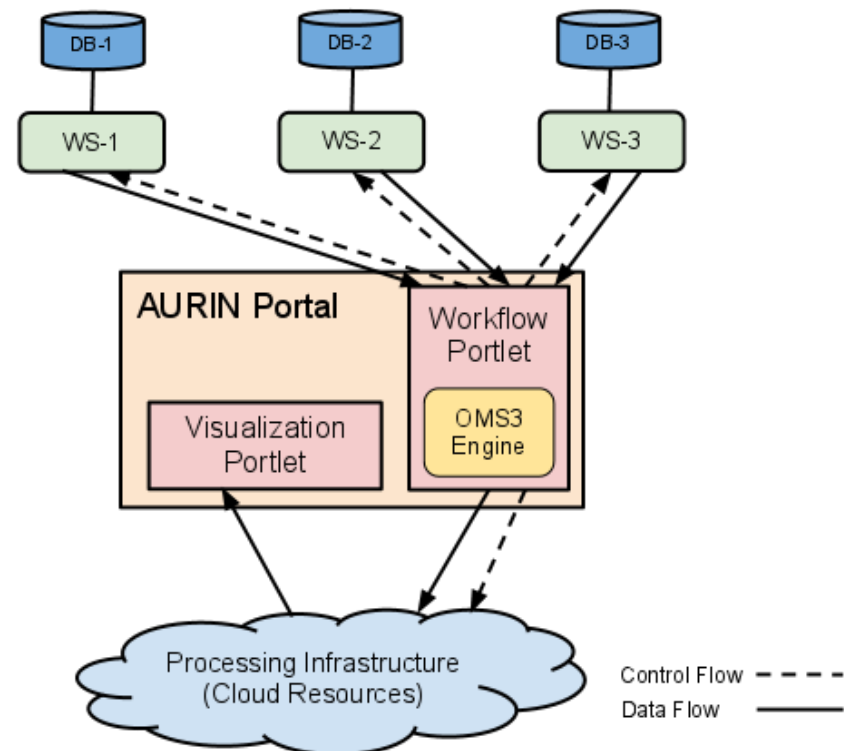
- WFS client example
  - Dataset: Landgate WA
  - Bounding box (bbox): geographical area
- DSL makes the workflow very descriptive

Listing 2: An OMS workflow with one WFS client

```
// this is an example for a wfs query
def simulation = new oms3.SimBuilder(logging:'ALL').sim(name:'wfs_test') {
  model {
    components {
      'wfsclient0'          'wfsclient'
    }
    parameter {
      'wfsclient0.datasetName'          'ABS-078'
      'wfsclient0.wfsPrefix'            'slip'
      'wfsclient0.datasetReference'     'Landgate_ABS'
      'wfsclient0.datasetKeyName'      'ssc_code'
      'wfsclient0.datasetSelectedAttributes' 'ssc_code, employed_fulltime, employed_parttime'
      'wfsclient0.bbox'                 '129.001336896, -38.0626029895, 141.002955616, -25.996146487500003'
    }
    connect {
    }}
  }
  result = simulation.run();
}
```

# OMS SERVICE ORCHESTRATION

- Workflow Enactment
  - Running OMS scripts by the OMS3 engine
  - Centralized service orchestration





# CLOUD-BASED EXECUTION

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- OMS3 Features
  - Supports component-level parallelism
  - Terracotta for distributed shared memory systems
  - Run on any Cluster and IaaS Cloud
- Developed Interfaces
  - NeCTAR Research Cloud
    - Small Instance: 1-core, 4GB RAM
    - Medium Instance: 2-core, 8GB RAM
    - Extra-Large Instance: 8-core, 32GB RAM
  - Amazon's EC2

# EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

- AURIN Portal is deployed in NeCTAR NSP (4 VMs)
- Real workflow for typical urban analysis
  - Create topological spatial relationship
  - Relation: *touch*
  - Output: a topology graph shows the adjacencies of suburbs/LGA
- Input datasets



State	No. of Geometries	
	Suburbs	LGA
Western Australia (WA)	952	142
South Australia (SA)	946	136
Tasmania (TAS)	402	28
Queensland (QLD)	2112	160
Victoria (VIC)	1833	111
New South Wales (NSW)	3146	178

# EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

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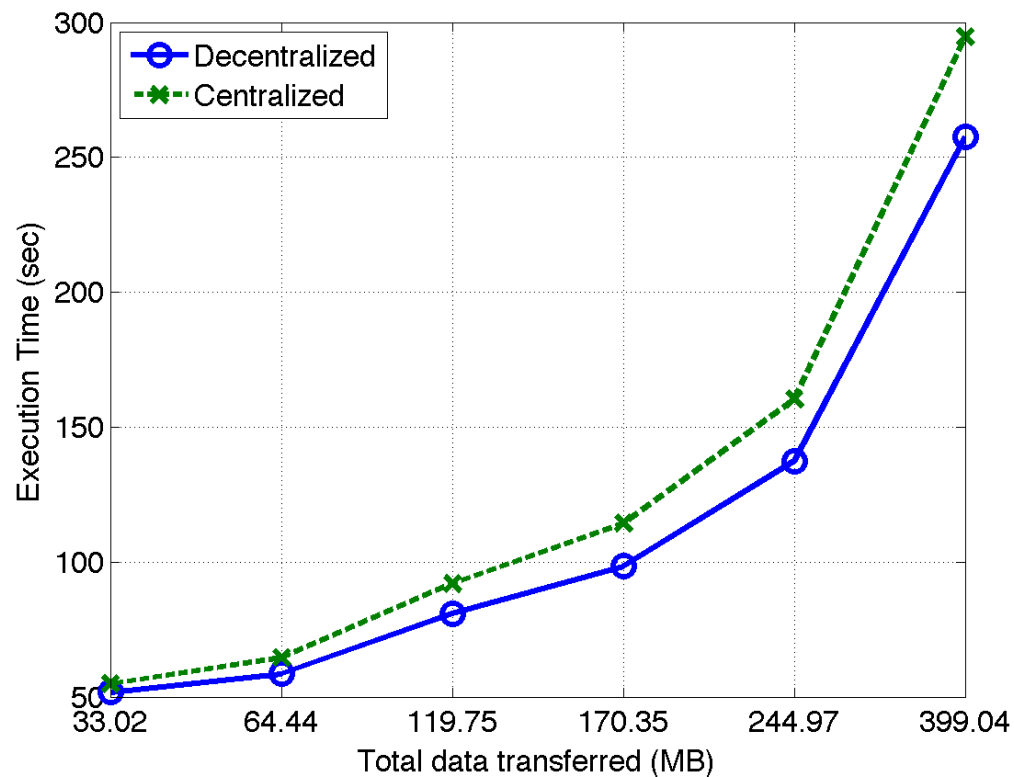
- Data-size for workflows
  - Data-centric Workflows

Workflow	Data size (MB)	
	Geometries	Graph
WA	33.02	2.97
WA, SA	66.44	5.90
WA, SA, TAS	119.75	6.30
WA, SA, TAS, QLD	170.35	21.53
WA, SA, TAS, QLD, VIC	244.97	33.90
WA, SA, TAS, QLD, VIC, NSW	399.04	69.43



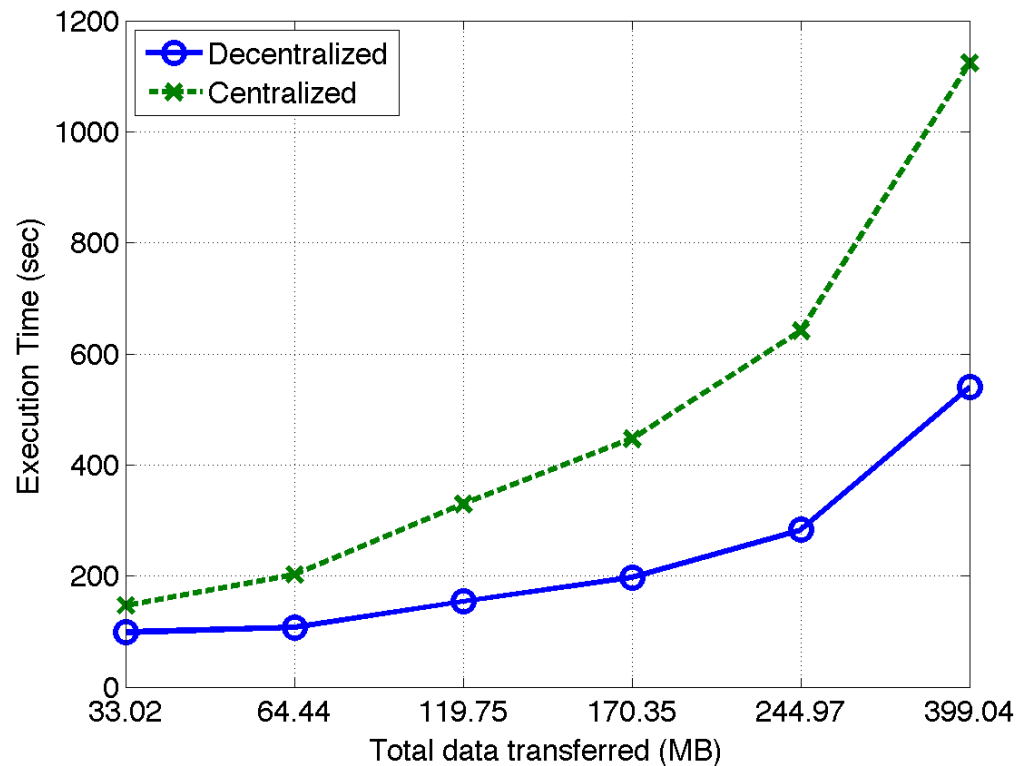
# RESULTS

- Execution time of Workflows on NeCTAR Cloud
  - Extra-Large Instance 8-core, 32GB RAM



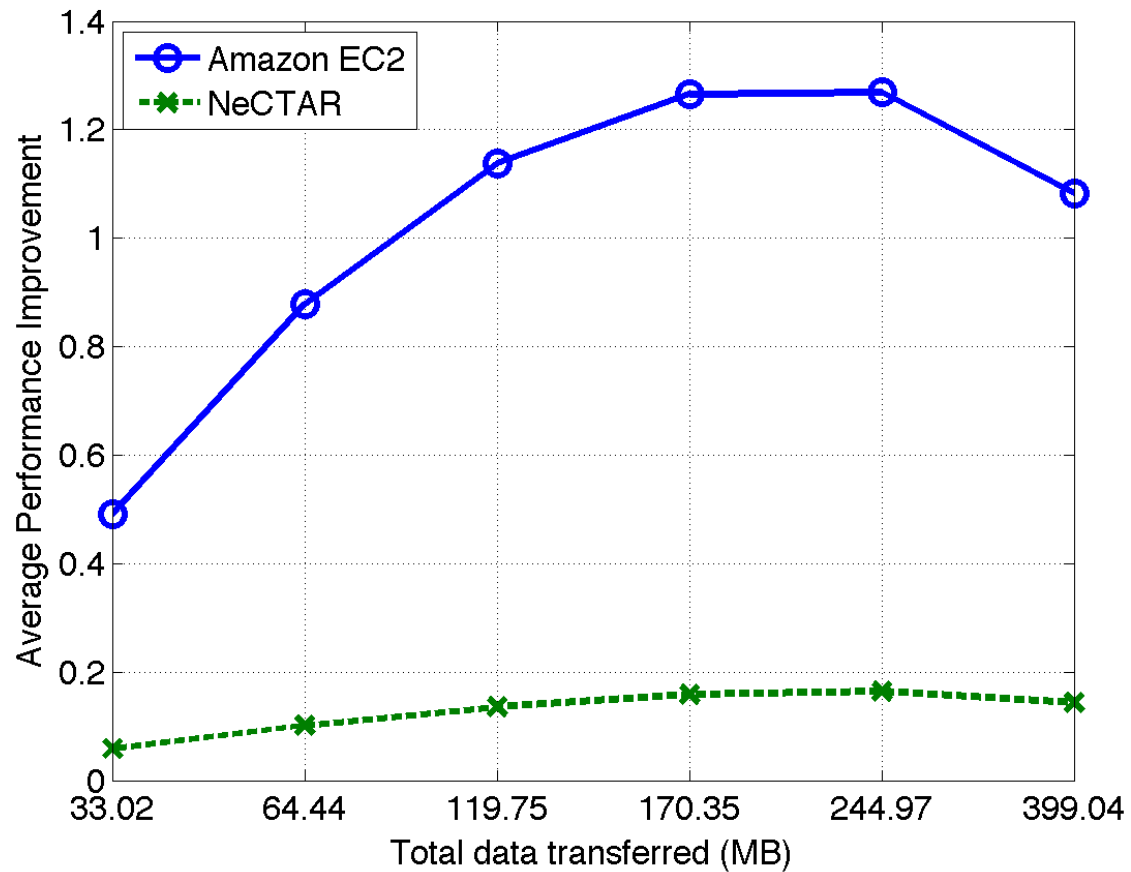
# RESULTS

- Execution time of Workflows on Amazon's EC2
  - Hi-CPU Extra-Large instances 8-core, 17GB RAM
  - ap-southeast region (Singapore)



# RESULTS

- Average performance improvement



## CONCLUSIONS

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- A new framework to implement data-centric workflows based on OMS
- Using decentralized service orchestration to bypass the bottleneck of centralized engine
- Substantially improvement the performance of data-centric workflows,
  - 20% on NeCTAR
  - 100% on EC2
- Future Work
  - Automate provisioning of Cloud resources for OMS-based workflows

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**Thank You**