

WESTERN SYDNEY
UNIVERSITY



Cloud Computing Research @ WSU

Dr. Bahman Javadi

School of Computing, Engineering and Mathematics

Research Team and Research Interests

Team

- 4 Academic Staff
- 5 PhD Students
- 1 Master Student

- **Resource Scheduling and Provisioning**
- **Reliability and Fault Tolerance**
- **Energy Efficiency**
- **Internet of Things and Fog Computing**
- **Performance Modeling and Evaluation**



Challenges in Cloud Reliability

- **Resource Redundancy**

Have more backup resources to tolerate failures

- Power consumption
- High operational cost
- Hiding failures

- **Checkpointing**

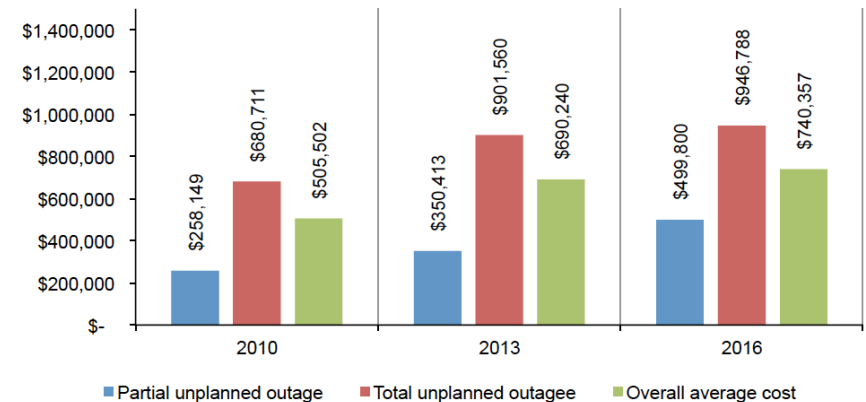
Continuously saving the state of applications to recover from the failures

- Overhead
- Complexity

- **Failure Model**

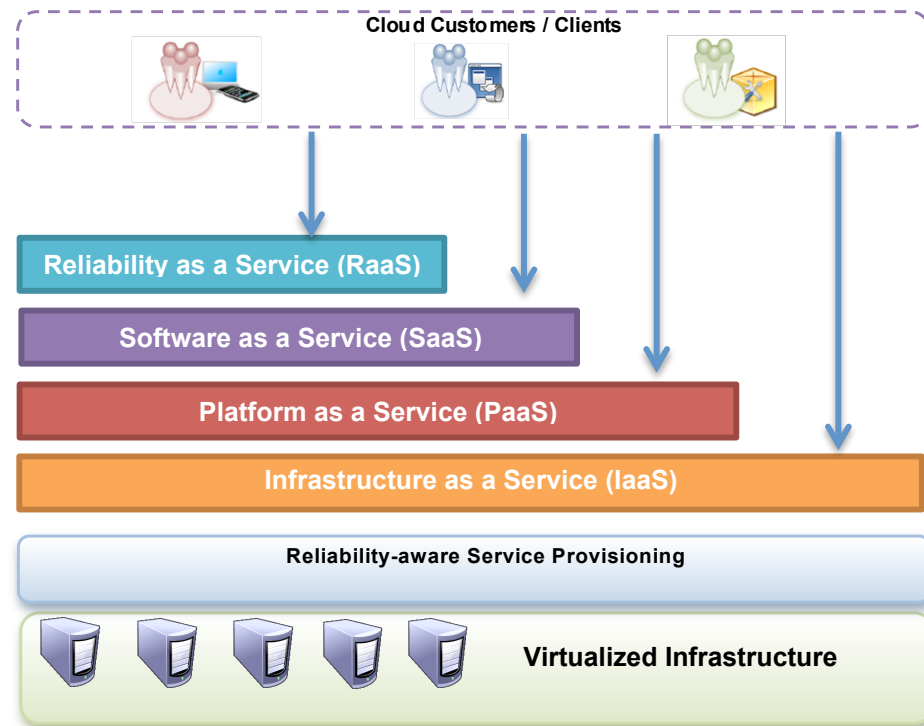
Adapting the knowledge of failures pattern into resource provisioning and resource management

- Robust and adaptive
- Cost efficient

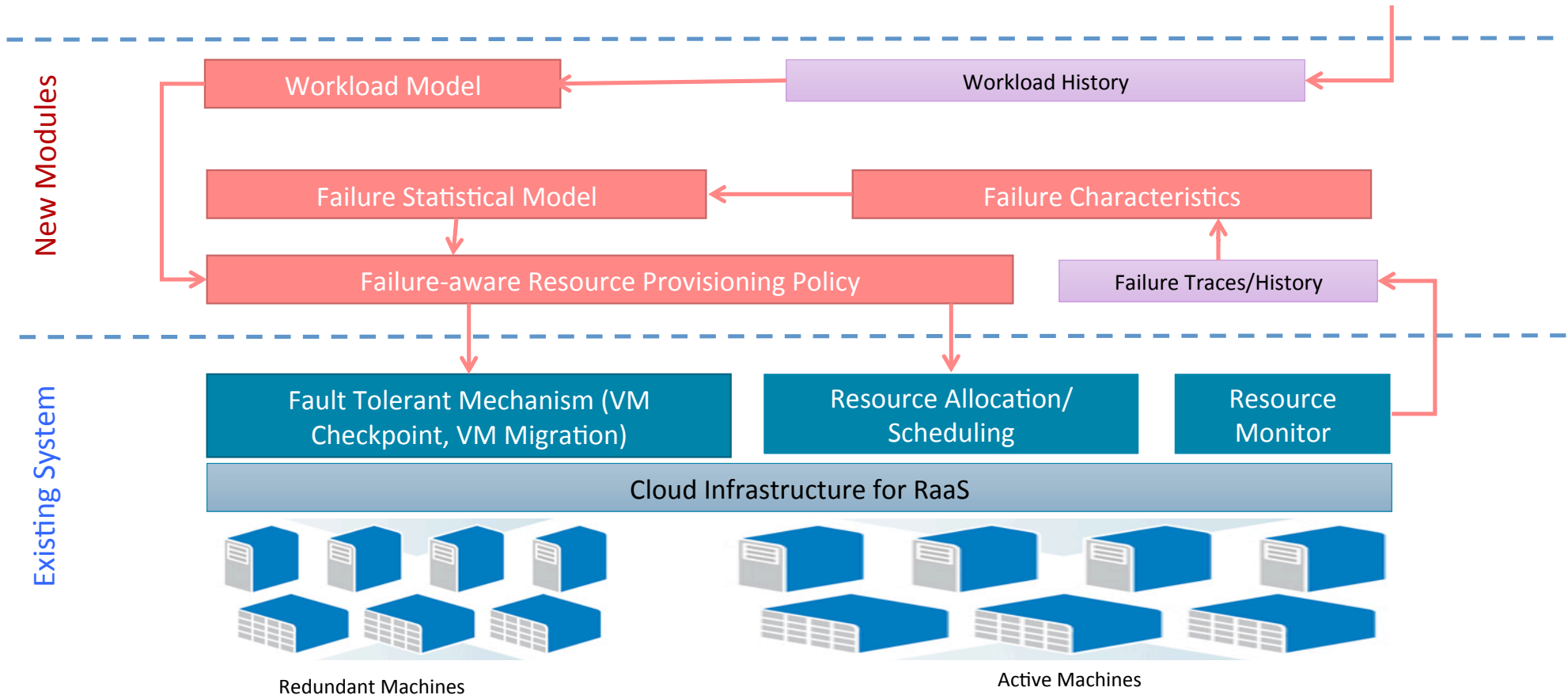


Reliability as a Service (RaaS)

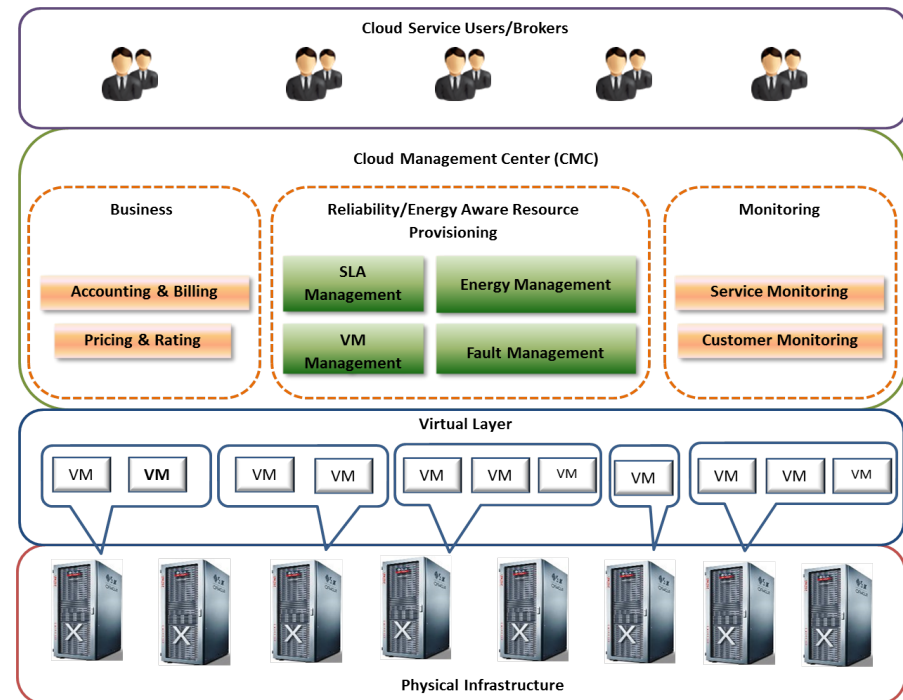
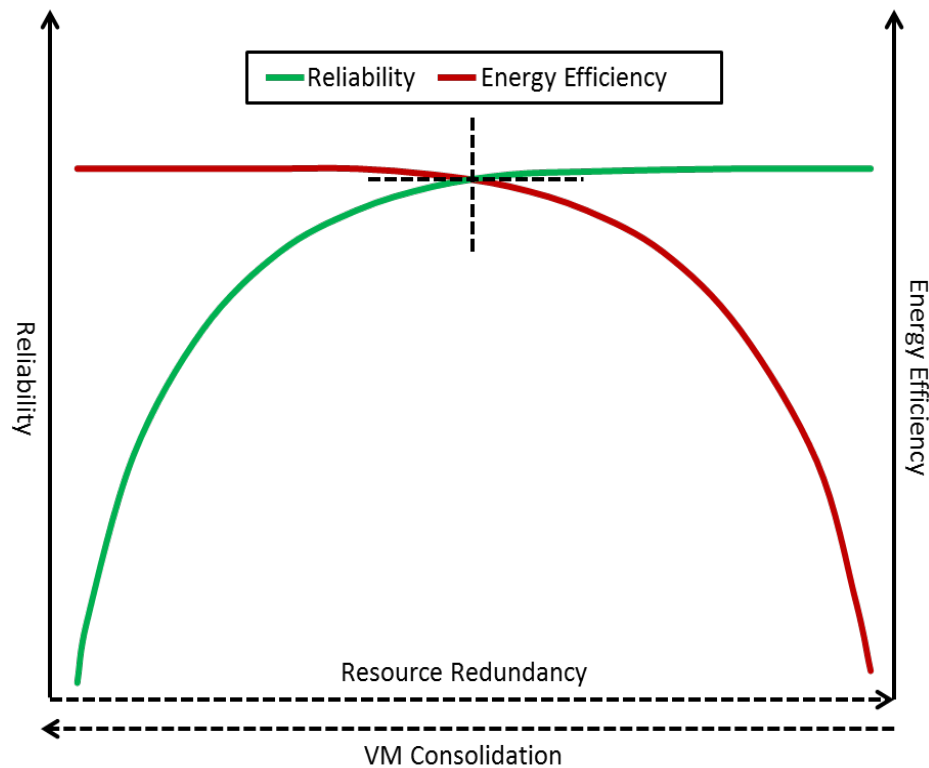
Innovative Cloud service that provides reliability and resilience with assured service performance



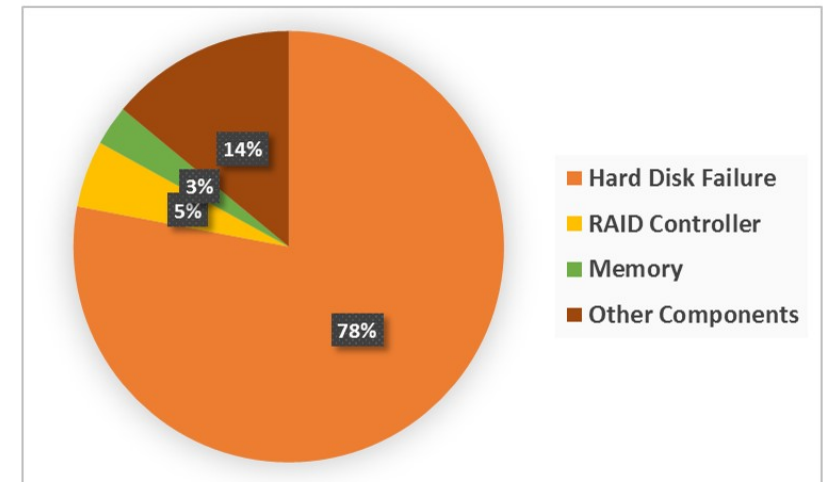
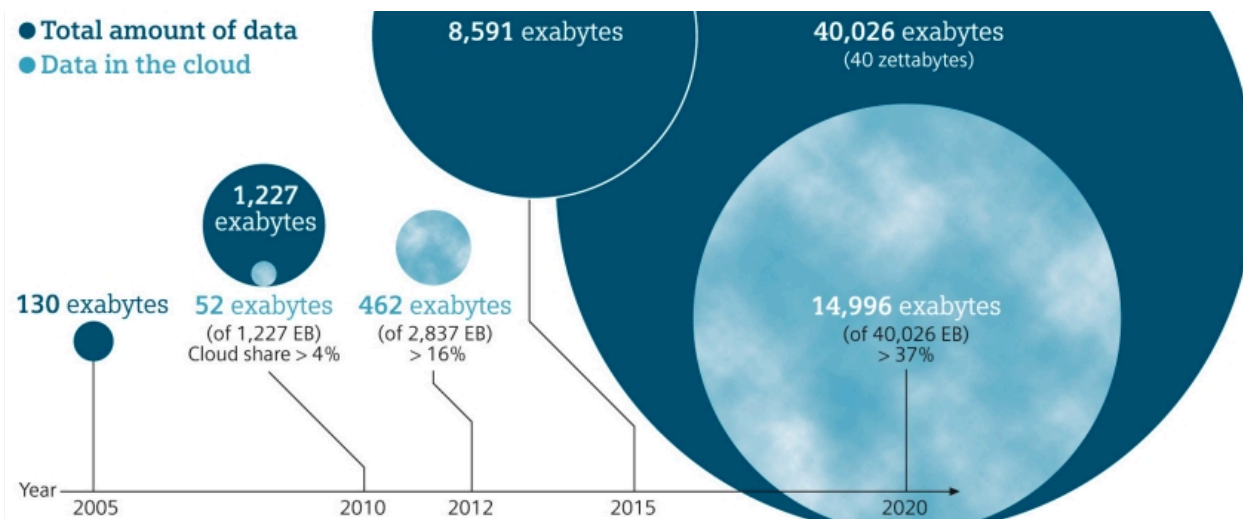
Failure-aware Resource Provisioning Policy



Reliability and Energy Efficiency Tradeoff in Cloud Computing



Data Reliability Management of Cloud Storage for Big Data Applications

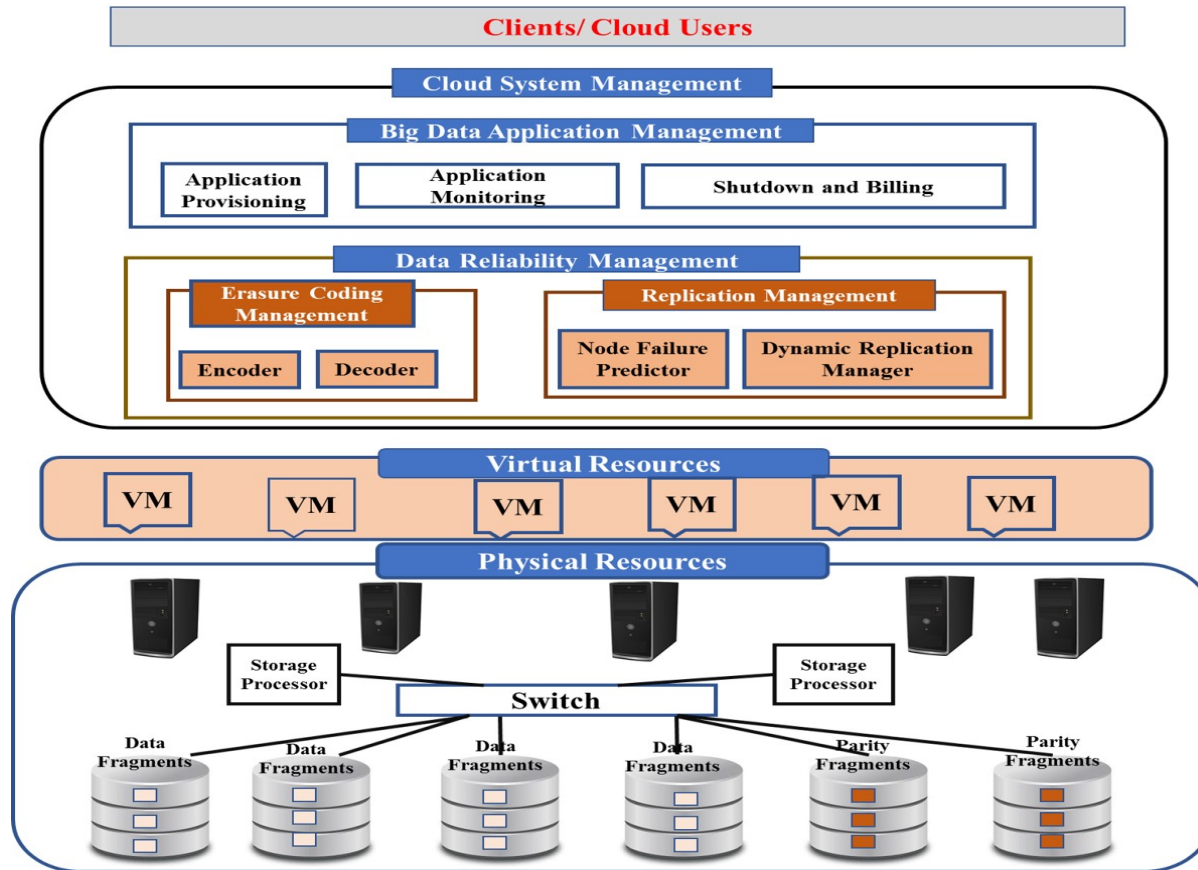


Redundancy Techniques:

- Replication
- Erasure Coding



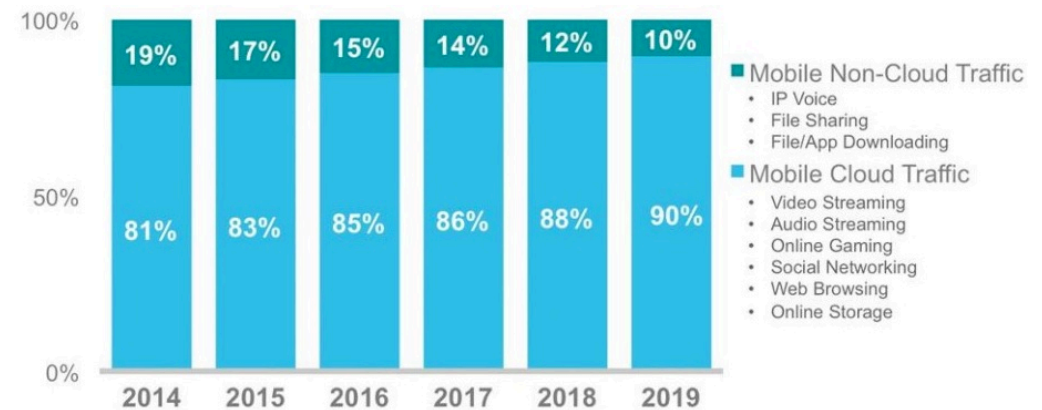
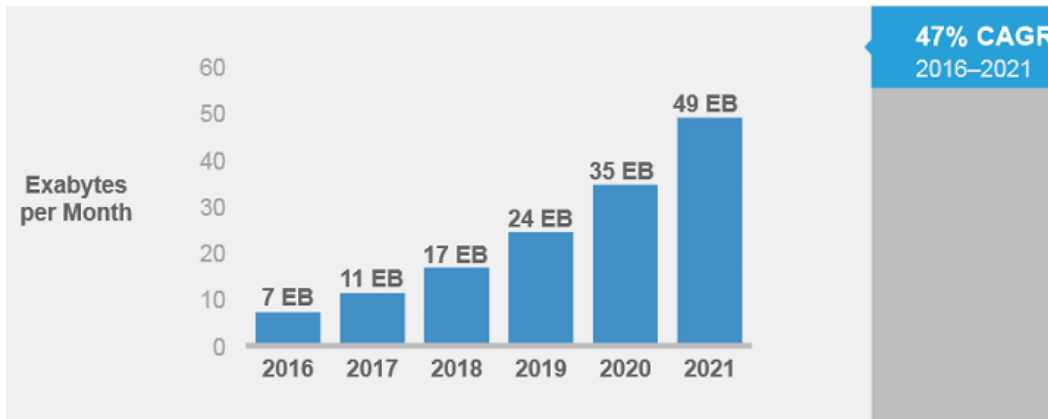
Conceptual Architecture for Hybrid Technique



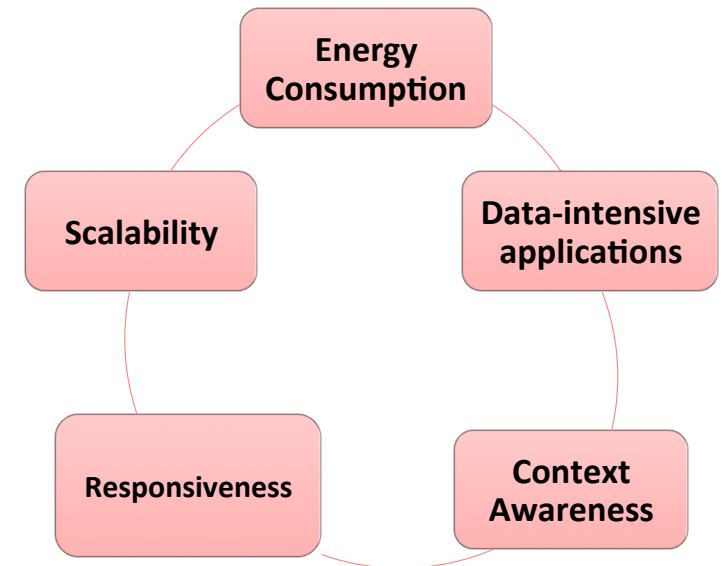
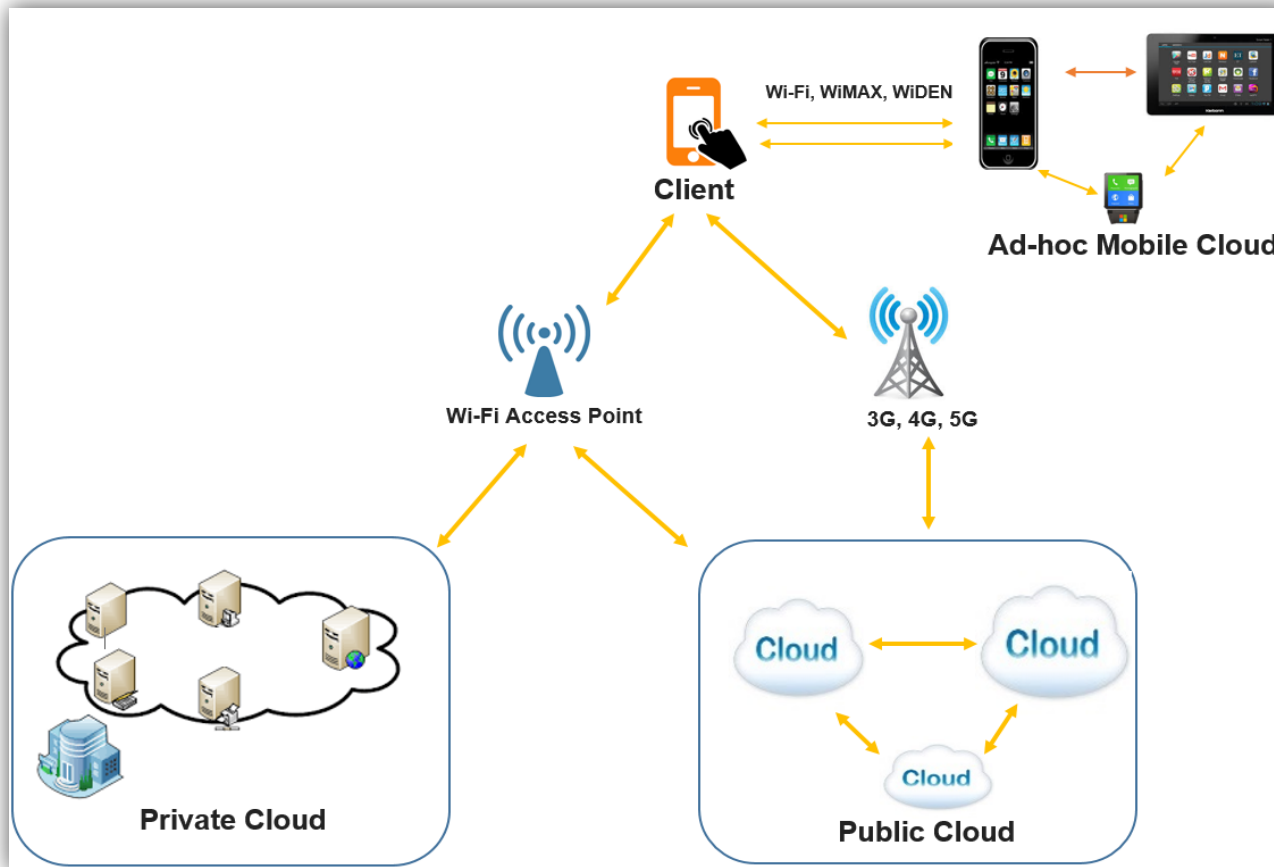
-  Reliability
-  Storage Efficiency
-  Energy Savings
-  Cost Savings

Mobile Cloud Computing

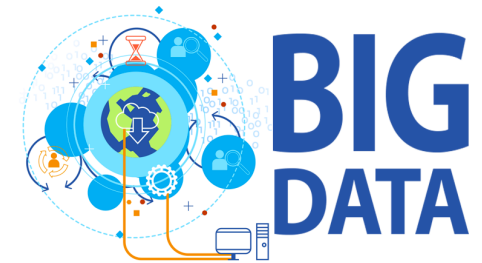
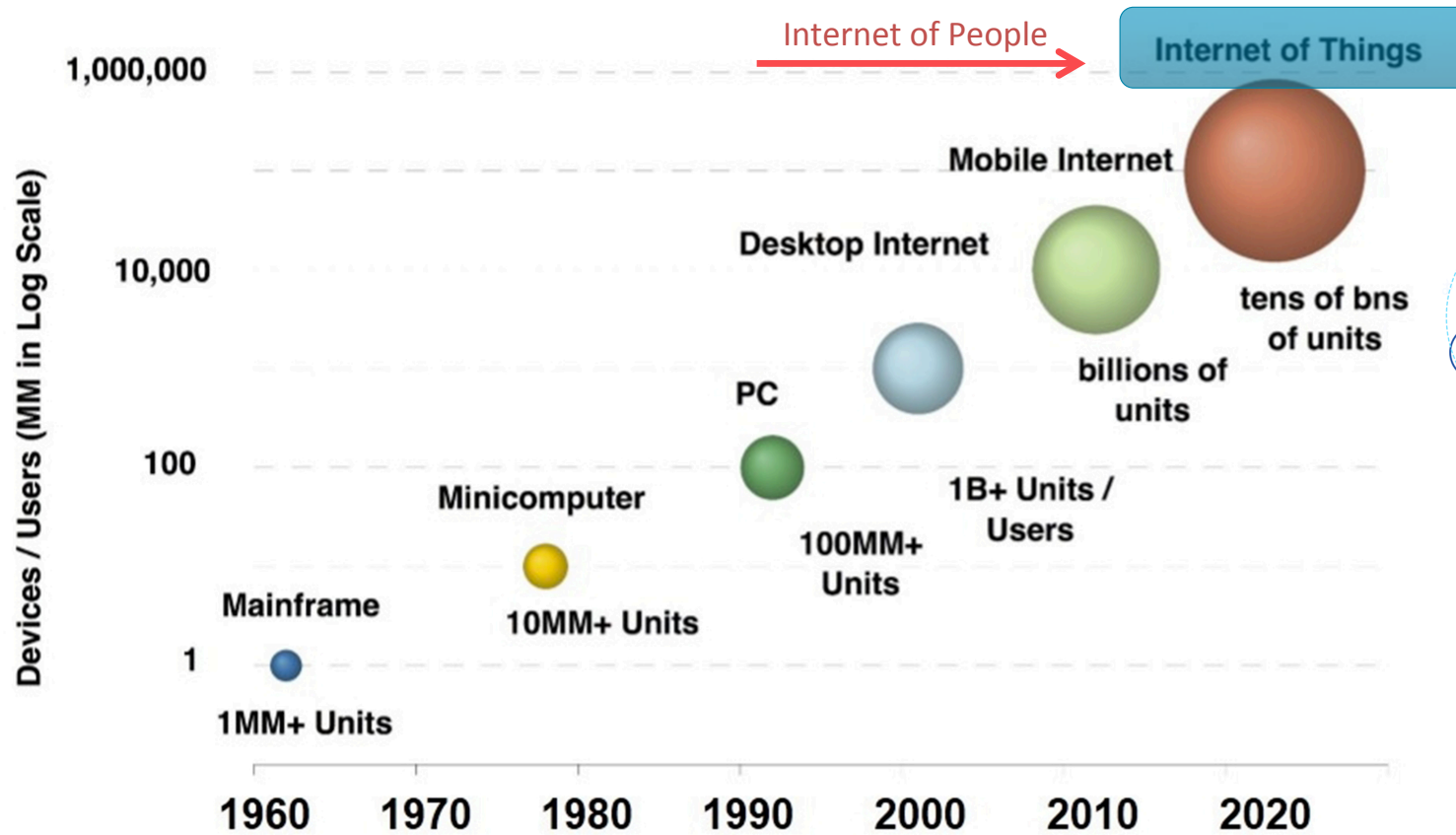
Global Mobile Data Traffic Growth / Top-Line
Global Mobile Data Traffic will Increase 7-Fold from 2016–2021



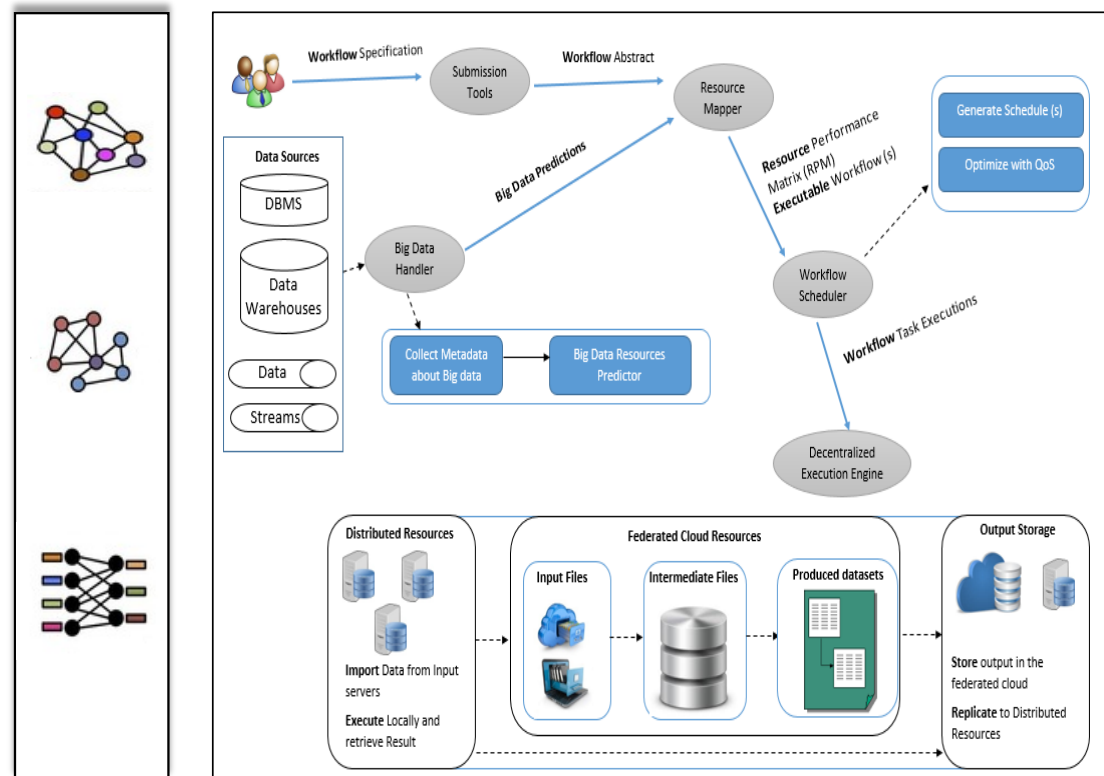
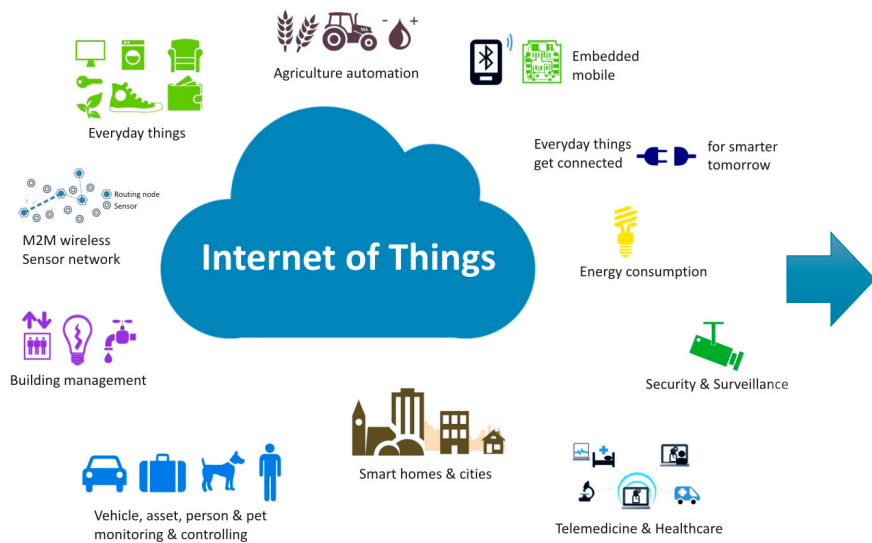
QoS-Based Data-Intensive Hybrid Mobile Cloud Computing Framework



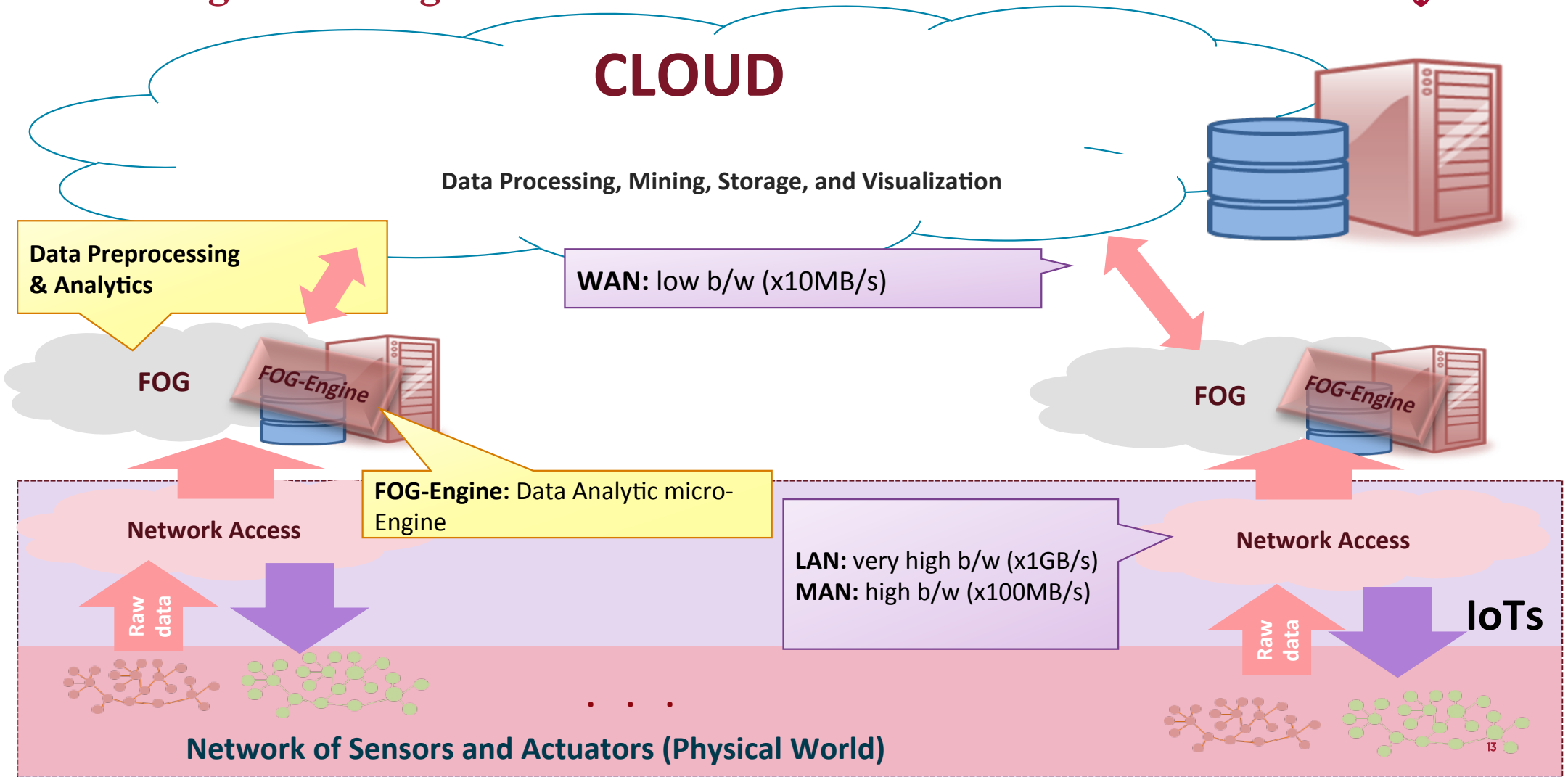
Internet of Things



A QoS-based Big Data Workflow Scheduling in Federated Cloud Computing Environment



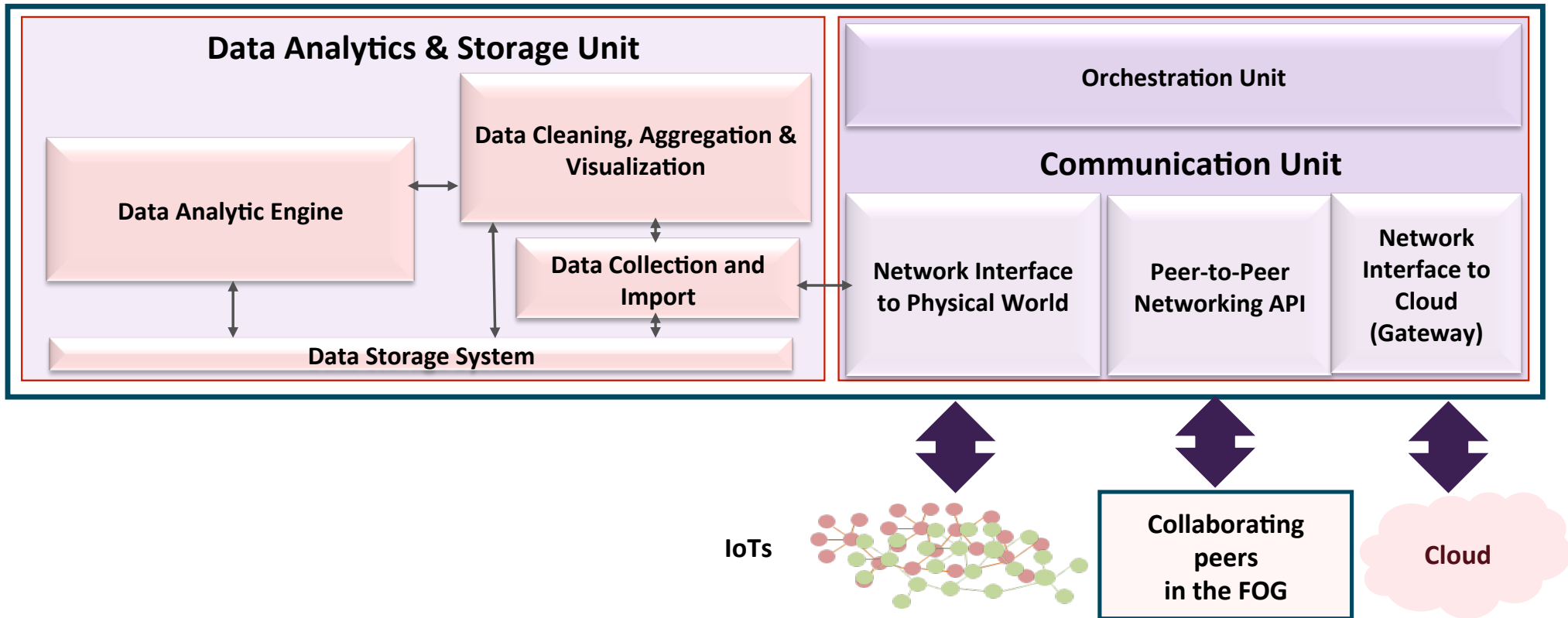
FOG-Engine: Decentralized Hierarchical Big Data Processing on the Edge



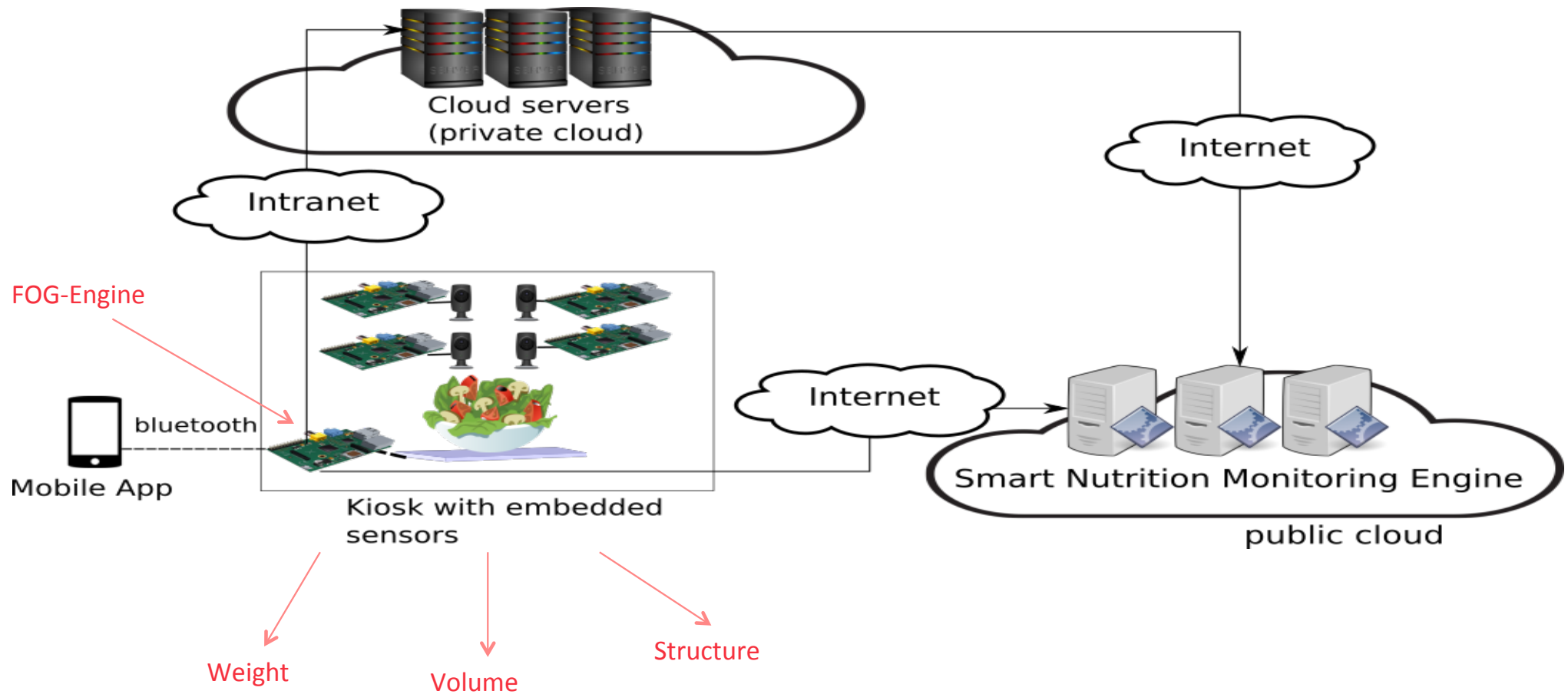
FOG-Engine vs. Cloud

Characteristics	FOG-Engine	Cloud platform
Processing hierarchy	Local data analytics	Global data analytics
Processing fashion	In-stream processing	Batch processing
Computing power	GFLOPS	TFLOPS
Network Latency	Miliseconds	Seconds
Data storage	Gigabytes	Infinite
Data lifetime	Hours/Days	Infinite
Fault-tolerance	High	High
Processing resources	Heterogeneous (e.g. CPU, FPGA)	Homogeneous (Data center)
Versatility	Only exists on demand	Intangible servers
Provisioning	Limited by the number of FOG-engines in the vicinity	Infinite, with latency
Mobility of nodes	May be mobile (e.g. in the car)	None

General Architecture of FOG-Engine



Smart Nutrition Monitoring System using Fog Computing



WESTERN SYDNEY
UNIVERSITY



Thank You!